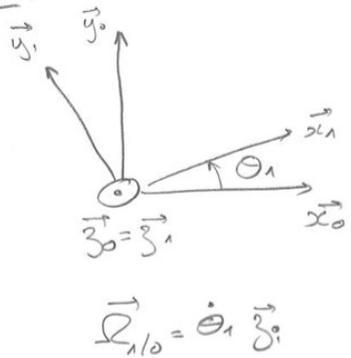
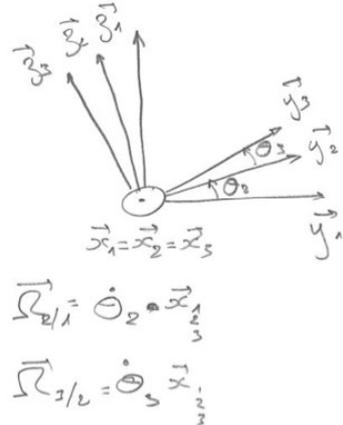


Q2/3

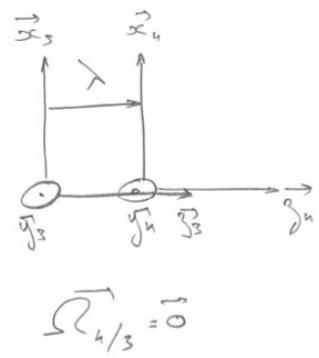


$$\vec{R}_{1/0} = \dot{\theta}_1 \vec{z}_0$$



$$\vec{R}_{2/1} = \dot{\theta}_2 \vec{x}_1$$

$$\vec{R}_{3/2} = \dot{\theta}_3 \vec{x}_2$$



$$\vec{R}_{4/3} = \vec{0}$$

Q4

$$\vec{R}_{4/0} = \vec{R}_{4/3} + \vec{R}_{3/2} + \vec{R}_{2/1} + \vec{R}_{1/0}$$

$$= (\dot{\theta}_2 + \dot{\theta}_3) \vec{x}_2 + \dot{\theta}_1 \vec{z}_0$$

Q5

$$\sqrt{v_{0_1,1/0}} = \vec{0} \text{ car } O_1 \in \Delta_{1/0} \Rightarrow \{N_{1/0}\} = \left\{ \begin{matrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \vec{z}_0 \\ \vec{0} \end{matrix} \right\}_{O_1}$$

Q6

$$\sqrt{v_{0_2,2/0}} = \left. \frac{dO_1 O_2}{dt} \right|_{R_0} \text{ car } O_1 \text{ fixe dans } R_0$$

D'où

$$= \left. \frac{d(L_1 \vec{y}_2)}{dt} \right|_{R_0} = L_1 \left(\left. \frac{d\vec{y}_2}{dt} \right|_{R_2} + \vec{R}_{2/0} \wedge \vec{y}_2 \right) = L_1 (\dot{\theta}_1 \vec{z}_0 + \dot{\theta}_2 \vec{x}_2) \wedge \vec{y}_2$$

$$\sqrt{v_{0_2,2/0}} = L_1 (-\dot{\theta}_1 \cos \theta_2 \vec{z}_2 + \dot{\theta}_2 \vec{z}_2)$$

Et

$$\sqrt{a_{0_1,2/0}} = \left. \frac{d\sqrt{v_{0_2,2/0}}}{dt} \right|_{R_0} \text{ avec } \left. \frac{d\vec{x}_2}{dt} \right|_{R_0} = \vec{R}_{2/0} \wedge \vec{x}_2 = (\dot{\theta}_1 \vec{z}_0 + \dot{\theta}_2 \vec{x}_2) \wedge \vec{x}_2 = \dot{\theta}_1 \vec{y}_1$$

$$\left. \frac{d\vec{z}_2}{dt} \right|_{R_0} = (\dot{\theta}_1 \vec{z}_0 + \dot{\theta}_2 \vec{x}_2) \wedge \vec{z}_2 = (\dot{\theta}_1 \sin \theta_2 \vec{x}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2 \vec{y}_2)$$

D'où

$$\sqrt{a_{0_2,2/0}} = L_1 (-\ddot{\theta}_1 \cos \theta_2 \vec{x}_2 + \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin \theta_2 \vec{x}_1 - \dot{\theta}_1^2 \cos \theta_2 \vec{y}_1 + \ddot{\theta}_2 \vec{z}_2 + \dot{\theta}_2 (\dot{\theta}_1 \sin \theta_2 \vec{x}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2 \vec{y}_2))$$

De plus:

$$\{N_{2/0}\} = \left\{ \begin{matrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \vec{z}_0 + \dot{\theta}_2 \vec{x}_2 \\ L_1 (-\dot{\theta}_1 \cos \theta_2 \vec{x}_2 + \dot{\theta}_2 \vec{z}_2) \end{matrix} \right\}_{O_2}$$

$$\sqrt{a_{0_2,2/0}} = L_1 \left[(\ddot{\theta}_1 \cos \theta_2 + 2\dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin \theta_2) \vec{x}_2 - \dot{\theta}_1^2 \cos \theta_2 \vec{y}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2^2 \vec{y}_2 + \ddot{\theta}_2 \vec{z}_2 \right]$$

Q7)

$$\vec{v}_{O_4, H/O} = \vec{v}_{O_4, 4/3} + \vec{v}_{O_4, 3/2} + \vec{v}_{O_4, 2/1} + \vec{v}_{O_4, 1/0}$$

$$\text{avec } \vec{v}_{O_4, 4/3} = \dot{\lambda} \vec{z}_3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \circledast \vec{v}_{O_4, 3/2} &= \cancel{\vec{v}_{O_4, 3/2}} + \vec{O_4 O_2} \wedge \vec{\Omega}_{3/2} \\ &= (-\lambda \vec{z}_3 - L_2 \vec{y}_3) \wedge \dot{\Theta}_3 \vec{x}_3 \\ &= \dot{\Theta}_3 (-\lambda \vec{y}_3 + L_2 \vec{z}_3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \circledast \vec{v}_{O_4, 2/1} &= \cancel{\vec{v}_{O_4, 2/1}} + \vec{O_4 O_1} \wedge \vec{\Omega}_{2/1} \\ &= (-\lambda \vec{z}_3 - L_2 \vec{y}_3 - L_1 \vec{y}_2) \wedge \dot{\Theta}_2 \vec{x}_{\frac{1}{3}} \\ &= \dot{\Theta}_2 (-\lambda \vec{y}_3 + L_2 \vec{z}_3 + L_1 \vec{z}_2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \circledast \vec{v}_{O_4, 1/0} &= \vec{O_4 O_0} \wedge \vec{\Omega}_{1/0} \\ &= (-\lambda \vec{z}_3 - L_2 \vec{y}_3 - L_1 \vec{y}_2 - L_0 \vec{z}_0) \wedge \dot{\Theta}_1 \vec{z}_0 \\ &= \dot{\Theta}_1 \left(\lambda \sin(\Theta_2 + \Theta_3) \vec{x}_{\frac{1}{3}} - L_2 \cos(\Theta_2 + \Theta_3) \vec{x}_{\frac{1}{3}} - L_1 \cos \Theta_2 \vec{z}_{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

D'où

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v}_{O_4, H/O} &= \dot{\Theta}_1 \left[\lambda \sin(\Theta_2 + \Theta_3) - L_2 \cos(\Theta_2 + \Theta_3) - L_1 \cos \Theta_2 \right] \vec{x}_2 \\ &\quad + L_1 \dot{\Theta}_2 \vec{z}_2 \\ &\quad - \lambda (\dot{\Theta}_3 + \dot{\Theta}_2) \vec{y}_3 \\ &\quad + \left[\dot{\lambda} + L_2 (\dot{\Theta}_2 + \dot{\Theta}_3) \right] \vec{z}_3 \end{aligned}$$

Q8)

$$\vec{v}_{a_1, 4/0} = L_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \vec{z}_2 + \dot{\lambda} \vec{z}_3$$

Q9)

$$= L_1 \dot{\theta}_2 (-\sin \theta_2 \vec{y}_0 + \cos \theta_2 \vec{z}_0) + \dot{\lambda} (-\sin(\theta_2 + \theta_3) \vec{y}_0 + \cos(\theta_2 + \theta_3) \vec{z}_0)$$

(NB: $\theta_1 = 0$)

Q10) D'où

$$\begin{cases} -L_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin \theta_2 - \dot{\lambda} \sin(\theta_2 + \theta_3) = V \\ L_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos \theta_2 + \dot{\lambda} \cos(\theta_2 + \theta_3) = 0 \end{cases}$$

Q11)

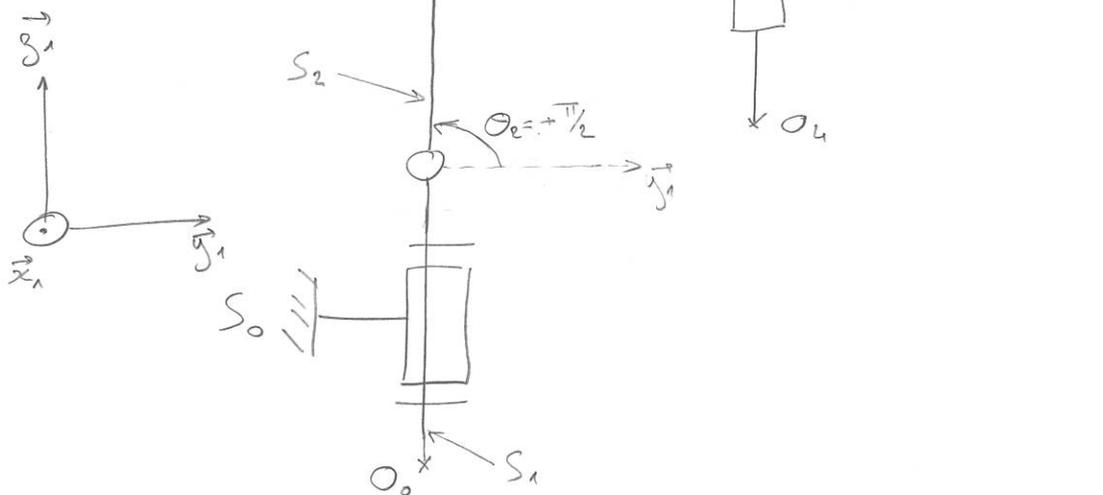
$$\begin{cases} \sin a + \sin b = \dots \\ \cos a + \cos b = \dots \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \theta_2 = f(\dot{\theta}_2, \dot{\lambda}, V) \\ \theta_3 = g(\dot{\theta}_2, \dot{\lambda}, V) \end{cases}$$

avec V connu

$\dot{\theta}_2$ pour $\dot{\theta}_2 \max$
 $\dot{\lambda}$ pour $\dot{\lambda} \max$

Q12)



Q13

$$(1) \Rightarrow \vec{v}_{O_h, h/0} = -L_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \vec{x}_2 + \dot{\lambda} \vec{z}_3$$

D'où

$$\vec{a}_{O_h, h/0} = -L_2 (\ddot{\theta}_1 \vec{x}_2 + \dot{\theta}_1^2 \vec{y}_1) + \ddot{\lambda} \vec{z}_3 \quad \text{avec } \vec{z}_3 = \vec{z}_1 \text{ dans cette configuration}$$

D'où

$$\|\vec{a}_{O_h, h/0}\| = \sqrt{L_2^2 (\ddot{\theta}_1^2 + \dot{\theta}_1^4) + \ddot{\lambda}^2}$$

AN: $L_2 = 0,5 \text{ m}$

$$\ddot{\theta}_{1 \max} = 2 \text{ rad} \cdot \text{s}^{-2}$$

$$\dot{\theta}_{1 \max} = 50 \text{ tr/min} = 50 \times \frac{2\pi}{60} \approx 5,2 \text{ rad} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$$

$$\ddot{\lambda}_{\max} = 1 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-2}$$

D'où

$$\|\vec{a}_{O_h, h/0}\|_{\max} \approx 1,3,8 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-2}$$

$$\approx 1,4 \text{ g} < 1,5 \text{ g} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{CDC OK}}$$